**Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase**

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| Student Name | Pranay Bhandwalkar |
| Project Title | Uncovering the Hidden Treasures of the  Mushroom Kingdom A Classification Analysis |
| Maximum Marks | 6 Marks |

**Data Preprocessing**

The images will be preprocessed by resizing, normalizing, augmenting, denoising, adjusting contrast, detecting edges, converting color space, cropping, batch normalizing, and whitening data. These steps will enhance data quality, promote model generalization, and improve convergence during neural network training, ensuring robust and efficient performance across various computer vision tasks.

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| **Section** | **Description** |
| Data Overview | This project uses image datasets of three mushroom species: **Boletus**, **Lactarius**, and **Russula**. The images are collected from various sources including **SmartInternz**, **custom fieldcaptured images**, and platforms like **Kaggle** and **Wikimedia**. This ensures rich visual diversity and robust generalization during training. |
| Resizing | All images are resized to **224×224 pixels** using OpenCV’s cv2.resize() function to ensure uniform input dimensions for CNN-based models. |
| Normalization | Pixel values are normalized to the range **[0, 1]** by dividing by 255.0, improving convergence during model training. |
| Data Augmentation | Using ImageDataGenerator, images are augmented with **random rotation**, **shifts**, **zoom**, **horizontal/vertical flips**, and **fill modes** to avoid overfitting. |
| Denoising | OpenCV’s fastNlMeansDenoisingColored() is applied to reduce environmental noise and improve image clarity, especially for field-captured data. |

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| Edge Detection | cv2.Canny() is used for edge detection, helping to emphasize structure, texture, and contour features of different mushroom species. |
| Color Space Conversion | Images are converted from **BGR to HSV** color space using cv2.cvtColor() to better capture color-based patterns across lighting variations. |
| Image Cropping | Manual center cropping is done on some images to focus on the mushroom body and reduce irrelevant background noise, enhancing object recognition. |
| Batch Normalization | BatchNormalization() is applied in the neural network model to stabilize and accelerate the learning process by reducing internal covariate shift. |
| **Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots** | |
| Loading Data |  |
| Resizing |  |
| Normalization |  |
| Data Augmentation |  |
| Denoising |  |
| Edge Detection |  |
| Color Space Conversion |  |
| Image Cropping |  |
| Batch Normalization |  |